



# Material Safety Data Sheet Milorganite® 6-2-0 Fertilizer

## **Section 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash Point (Method): NA LEL: ND UEL: ND

NFPA/HIMS Rating: Health: 1 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 0

Extinguishing Media: Foam, Water Spray, CO<sub>2</sub>

UEL (Upper Explosive Limit) for fugitive dust: No UEL determined

LEL (Lower Explosive Limit) for fugitive dust: 10 g/m<sup>3</sup> as grain dust (OSHA dust limits. At 50 g/m<sup>3</sup>, one cannot see the fingers on their hand at one foot.

Special Fire fighting Procedures: Do not breathe fumes. Firefighters should wear normal fire protection gear. Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers or any body of water. Becomes slippery when wet, guard against falls.

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: Do not breathe fumes. At high temperatures, this type of fertilizer can give off undefined fumes. Fine dust dispersion in air may form an explosive mixture. Bulk wetted material may generate heat upon storage. Use of TEFC electrical equipment is advised to aid in control of dust-caused explosions. Control fugitive dust at its' source by containment or treating Milorganite with a dust suppressant.

## **Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

If Material is Spilled: Sweep, vacuum or shovel material into labeled container. If at all possible, reuse product. Ensure that disposal is in compliance with local, state or federal regulations.

## **Section 7: HANDLING & STORAGE**

Handling handle as any fertilizer. Avoid breathing dust. Wash after handling. Do not contaminate water by disposal of equipment washwaters. Do not allow to become wet during storage.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry area out of reach of children and animals. Keep dry. Bulk wetted material may generate heat upon storage.

Note: Some coprophagic canines (fecal eating dogs) may be attracted by the odor of biosolids, transfer their fecal attraction to Milorganite® 6-2-0 fertilizer, rip open bags in storage and over eat. A dog may be sick for 24 to 48 hours, beginning with vomiting that can lead to dehydration, incontinence (stiffness in the hind legs), atrophy, depression, and black stools due to the high carbon content of Milorganite® 6-2-0. In most cases, symptomatic care prescribed by a veterinarian will relieve these symptoms.

## **Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Protective equipment suggested for outdoor applications:

Wear eye goggles/safety glasses if product may be expected to come in contact with eyes.

Protective equipment suggested for confined areas:

Provide sufficient ventilation. Wear appropriate safety equipment for any hazards encountered. Product by itself presents no specific hazards.

## **Section 9: PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Solubility in water: slight

pH: slightly acidic (9 parts water to 1 part Milorganite)

Appearance: Dark free flowing granules. Product US Screen size -8 +48 with less than 0.1% -48.

Odor: Earthy scent.

Bulk Density: 50-52 lbs. per cubic foot

## **Section 10: STABILITY & REACTIVITY**

Stability: Stable.

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat; absorbs moisture in highly humid areas.

Incompatibility: Strong acids, alkalis and oxidizing agents.

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Hazardous Decomposition Products: Expected to emit the same types of toxic smoke as would be released during combustion of other organic materials.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

## **Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Toxicity Data:

Oral (acute): ND

Dermal (acute): ND

Inhalation (acute): ND

Teratogen/Mutagen/ Carcinogen (NTP): Not listed.

Potential Carcinogen OSHA/IARC: Not listed.

### US EPA 40 CFR Part 503 (Biosolids Rule)

Under the Clean Water Act, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has conducted extensive screening to determine likely pollutants in sewage sludge, a/k/a biosolids. EPA's National Survey of Biosolids analyzed for a total of 412 pollutants, including every organic, pesticide, dibenzofuran, dioxin and PCB analyte for which EPA had gas chromatography and mass spectrometry (GC/MS) standards. 64 Fed. Reg. at 72047-48 (discusses the history of Part 503 information gathering on the fate and concentrations of pollutants in biosolids). See, [www.epa.gov/fedrgstr](http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr).

Where the *available scientific information* indicated there was no risk of harm even at the highest pollutant concentration level found in the Biosolids Survey, the pollutants were dropped from further risk assessment. Most of the 412 pollutants are simply not present in biosolids at levels of concern. The National Standards for Biosolids Use, 40 CFR Part 503, establish limits for nine common metals and pathogenic organisms (which heat drying kills) at the no observable adverse effect level and a level of protection of 1 case in 10,000 for cancer risk. The 1993 technical support documents on biosolids risk assessment are available at EPA's website: [www.epa.gov/OST/pc/municipal.html](http://www.epa.gov/OST/pc/municipal.html), and the National Biosolids Partnership also links the scientific risk assessments, [www.biosolids.policy.net](http://www.biosolids.policy.net).

Milorganite® is well below the Part 503 national standards. Where EPA lacked sufficient *available scientific* data to establish a standard, the pollutants, totally 31, were subjected to a Comprehensive Hazard Identification Study. This screening analysis included dose-response evaluation, exposure assessment and risk characterization. The US EPA concluded, in a December 23, 1999, notice published at 64 Federal Register 72048, that only 3 pollutant compounds left on its list, analytically measured as 29 dioxin-like congeners, might pose an increase risk for a hypothetical highly exposed (through the food chain, primarily daily fats, meat fats and fish that have bioaccumulated the congeners) rural breast feeding mother and child. EPA has proposed a national standard and a final standard is expected after EPA completes its comprehensive Dioxin Reassessment, see, [www.epa.gov/ncea/pdfs/dioxin.htm](http://www.epa.gov/ncea/pdfs/dioxin.htm).

### Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), commonly known as Lou Gehrig's disease

Epidemiologists have studied ALS mortality among Wisconsin residents, employees who make Milorganite® and workers at sewage treatment plants in Chicago and found the ALS mortality rate to be normal or slightly below that of general population. ALS research has abandoned theories of linkage to metals in diet and has focused on genetic predisposition toward ALS and neurotoxins in particular foods. The complete history of this investigation is available at the National Biosolids Partnership website [www.biosolids.policy.net](http://www.biosolids.policy.net).

## **Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Keep out of any body of water.

## **Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste Disposal Method(s): Sweep, vacuum or shovel material into labeled container. If at all possible, reuse product. Material is a fertilizer and should be used as such. Keep out of any body of water. Ensure that disposal is in compliance with local, state or federal regulations. Bulk wetted material may generate heat upon storage.

## **Section 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

DOT shipping information:

Proper shipping name: Class 50 (fertilizer material)

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ID No.: NA  
Hazard Class: NA  
Hazmat No.: NA  
SEC 302: Not listed.  
SEC 304: Not listed.  
Sec 313: Not listed  
CERCLA: Not listed.  
CAA: Not listed.  
TSCA: Not listed.

## **Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

SARA Information:

<input type="checkbox"/> _No_ Immediate (Acute) Health	<input type="checkbox"/> _No_ Sudden Release of Pressure
<input type="checkbox"/> _No_ Delayed (Chronic) Health	<input type="checkbox"/> _No_ Reactivity
<input type="checkbox"/> _Yes_ Fire	

## **Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Format complies with ANSI Z400.1 requirements. Revisions as noted (first issue 01/02/93)

DISCLAIMER: This information related to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in an process. Such information is the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. NO WARRANTY OF METCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE AS CONCERNS THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use. We do not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information.

NA = Not Applicable  
ND = Not Determined

Version change  
Section 7 update